



The RPF

The framework consists of six outcomes-based key performance indicators (KPIs) that are measured and assessed by all Commonwealth regulators. The KPIs cover the following broad areas:

Reducing regulatory burden	Risk-based and proportionate approaches	Open-ness and transparency
Clear, targeted and effective communication	Streamlined and coordinated compliance approaches	Continuous improvement

The key purpose of the RPF is to improve regulators' performance by being publicly accountable in demonstrating effective management of risk. The framework is also expected to drive cultural change and encourage the adoption of risk-based approaches.

NOPSEMA's approach

Since the inception of the RPF in 2015, NOPSEMA has aligned the Regulator Performance Framework (RPF) requirements with the Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013 and the Enhanced Commonwealth Performance Framework. NOPSEMA's corporate plan KPIs are grouped into the RPF KPIs. This gives the agency the flexibility to streamline performance assessment and reporting while still ensuring accountability and transparency is maintained.

RPF requirements state that regulators must self-assess their performance against the RPF annually, and that the results of the self-assessment (report) must:

- be validated by an approved Ministerial Advisory Council as external stakeholders¹
- be certified by the agency's accountable authority (CEO)
- be provided to the agency's portfolio minister
- be published no later than 31 December each year.

NOPSEMA's 2019-20 RPF self-assessment report

NOPSEMA has continued to meet the requirements of the RPF. Details are published in the Annual Performance Statements available in the NOPSEMA Annual Report.

 $^{^{}m 1}$ The MAC for NOPSEMA for the 2019-20 reporting year was changed to the external NOPSEMA Audit Committee due to a late change and non-availability of the Growth Centres Advisory Committee.